

**AUTHORIZATION AND INFORMED CONSENT
 FOR GASTROINTESTINAL ENDOSCOPY**

Explanation - The following information should help you understand the reasons for the procedure and explain the possible risks of the procedure. Direct visualization of the digestive tract is referred to as gastrointestinal endoscopy. During the examination the lining will be thoroughly inspected and possibly photographed. If any abnormality is seen or suspected, a small portion of the tissue may be removed (biopsy) for microscopic study. Polyps may be removed (polypectomy) by the use of a wire loop and electric current. Injection of medication may be necessary to assist the doctor with the removal of polyps or to stop bleeding. Cautery or other methods may also be used to control bleeding. Occasionally a suspicious area may be marked for future examination with the injection of a small amount of ink (tattoo). Occasionally we may instill dye into the GI tract to assist in the targeting of lesions. A narrowed portion of the digestive tract may be stretched or dilated.

- EGD (Esophagogastroduodenoscopy):** Direct examination of the esophagus, stomach and duodenum with a lighted instrument.
- Enteroscopy:** Direct examination of a portion of the small intestine beyond the duodenum with a lighted instrument.
- Colonoscopy:** Direct examination of the colon with a lighted instrument.
- Flexible Sigmoidoscopy:** Direct examination of the left side of the colon with a lighted instrument.
- BRAVO pH Capsule Placement:** A small capsule is placed in the lower esophagus.
 It will monitor and record the pH (acid) level for 48 hours. You will wear a pager sized device for 48 hours.
- Sedation and Analgesia:** Administration of intravenous medication to achieve a state of relaxation and increase your comfort during the procedure.
- Hemorrhoidal Banding:** A tiny rubberband is placed to cut off the blood supply, it then shrinks and falls off.
- Other _____

Principal Risks and Complications

Gastrointestinal endoscopy is generally a safe, low risk procedure. However, all of the following complications are possible.

Risks include, but are not limited to:

- Medication Reactions:** There are risks involved with the administration of any medication. These risks may include mild inflammation of the vein at the injection site, nausea and/or vomiting, allergic reactions to the medications being given, or rarely, breathing or heart complications.
 - Bleeding:** Bleeding, if it occurs, is usually a complication of biopsy, polyp removal or dilation. Management may consist only of careful observation, or may require blood transfusion, repeat endoscopic procedures or surgery to stop the bleeding.
 - Perforation:** Passage of the instrument or interventions performed during the procedure can result in an injury to the gastrointestinal tract with possible leakage of the gastrointestinal contents into the body cavity. If this occurs, surgery to close the leak may be necessary.
 - Damage to teeth or dental work:** This may occur when instruments are inserted through the mouth; this rarely occurs.
 - Missed Lesions or Incomplete Procedures:** During your procedure your doctor will do everything possible to identify all polyps, lesions and cancers. There is always a small chance that one or more small polyps may be missed by hiding behind a fold or underneath residual stool. Your doctor will make every effort to complete your exam but occasionally this is not possible due to your anatomy or discomfort.
 - Other Risks:** These include complications resulting from other diseases you may have.
- YOU MUST INFORM YOUR DOCTOR OF ALL YOUR MEDICAL PROBLEMS AND ALLERGIES.**

Alternatives to Endoscopy – Other diagnostic or therapeutic procedures, such as medical treatment, x-ray and surgery are available. Another option is to choose no diagnostic studies and/or treatment. Your physician will be happy to discuss the benefits and limitations of these options with you.

Removal of Body Material – If it is necessary to remove any body material, I hereby authorize the pathologist designated by the Atherton Endoscopy Center to use his/her discretion in its disposal. I understand that the pathologists are not employees of the Atherton Endoscopy Center.

Medical Education – I consent to the publication (without name or identifying information) of any photographs taken during my procedure to assist in my care, or for the advancement of medical education.

I certify that I have been informed of and understand the nature and purpose of the procedure, sedation and analgesia, alternative methods and treatment and the risks involved. The possible complications have been explained to me by my doctor.

I understand that even though the physicians and staff of the Atherton Endoscopy Center respect my right to participate in decisions regarding my healthcare, the policy of the Center is that all patients undergoing endoscopy procedures will be considered eligible for life sustaining treatment, thus we will always attempt to resuscitate a patient and transfer you to an acute care hospital.

I hereby authorize and permit: Betty Ho, MD Cynthia Leung, MD Daniel Rengstorff, MD
 James Torosis, MD Vicky Yang, MD Other _____

to perform the above procedure(s). I understand that upon my authorization and consent, this procedure, together with any different procedures which in the opinion of my physician may be indicated due to an emergency, will be performed.

By my signature below I acknowledge that I have had a chance to ask questions and that I have received all the information that I desire.

If I am receiving sedation for my procedure I acknowledge that I will not drive or operate machinery, make any important decisions or sign any legal documents, work or exercise strenuously until THE NEXT DAY.

Date: _____ Signature: _____

Time: _____ If signed by other than patient, indicate relationship: _____

Witness: _____